MAESTRO: <u>M</u>odel-based <u>A</u>nalys<u>E</u>s of <u>Single-cell Transcriptome and RegulOme</u>

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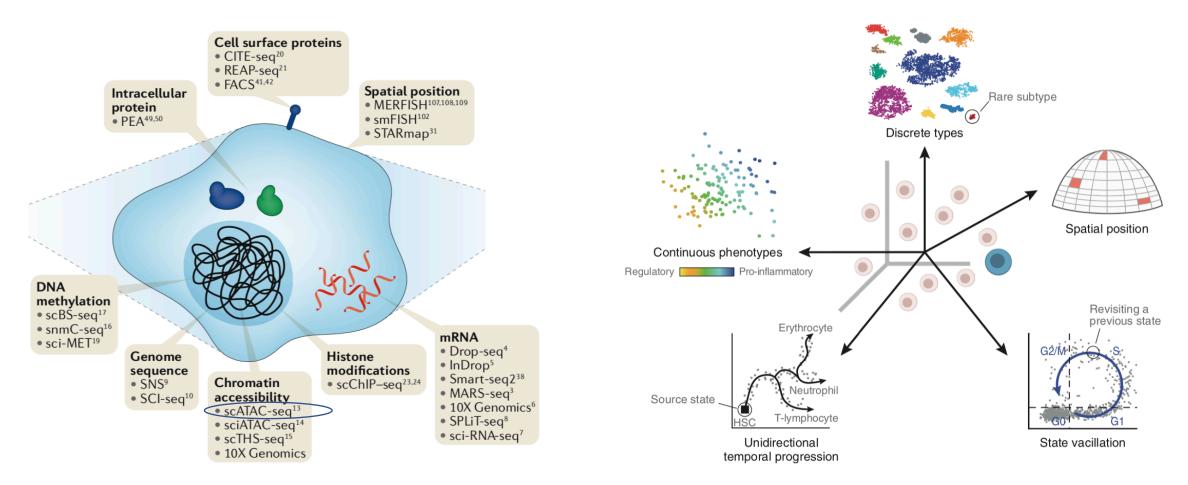


Cancer Immunological Data Commons (CIDC)



Chenfei Wang et al. Genome Biology 2020

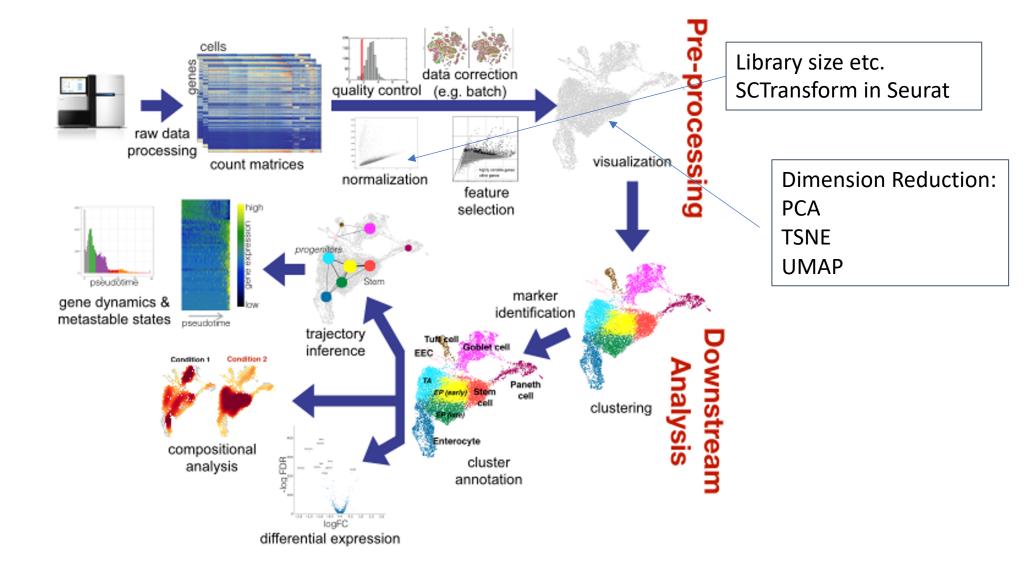
Analyzing single-cell omics data give insights to biological functions



Tim Stuart & Rahul Satjia, Nat Rev Genet, 2019

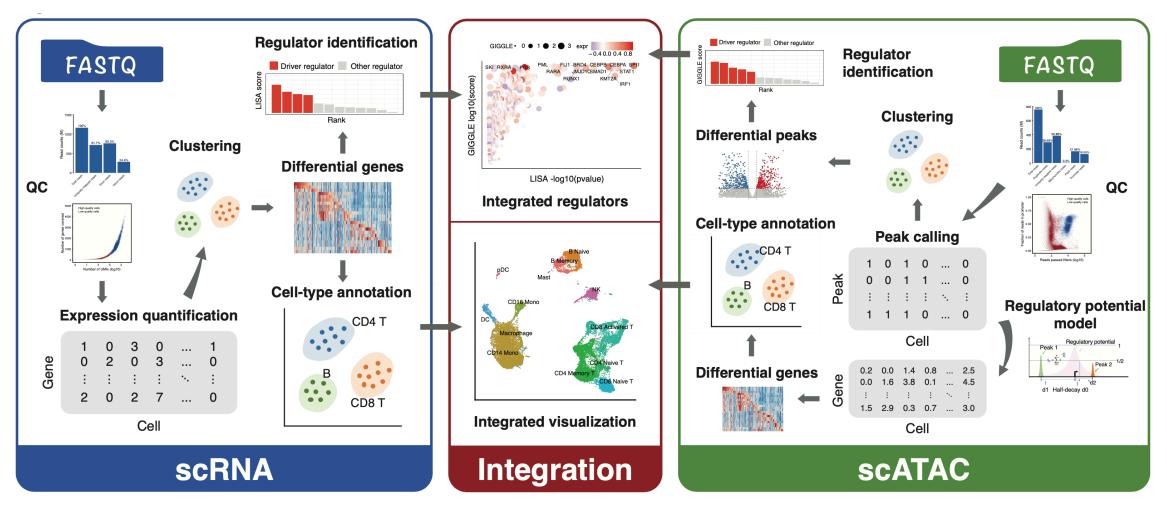
Workflow of a typical^{*} scRNA-seq analysis

Credit to Peter Hickey



Luecken, M. D. & Theis, F. J. Current best practices in single-cell RNA-seq analysis: a tutorial. Mol. Syst. Biol. 15, (2019).

MAESTRO, an integrative analysis workflow based on Snakemake for scRNA-seq and scATAC-seq



https://github.com/liulab-dfci/MAESTRO

MAESTRO supports data from multiple scRNA-seq and scATAC-seq protocols

Drop-seq single cell analysis

1000s of DNA-barcoded single-cell transcript

Drop-seq/indrop

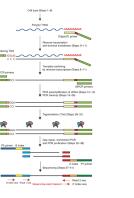
Macosko et al., 2015

🚯 🍕

Distinctly harcoded

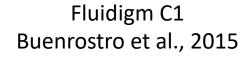


scRNA-seq



Smart-seq2 Picelli et al., 2014





sci-ATAC-seq/dsci-ATAC-seq Buenrostro et al., 2015, 2019



10x genomics 2016



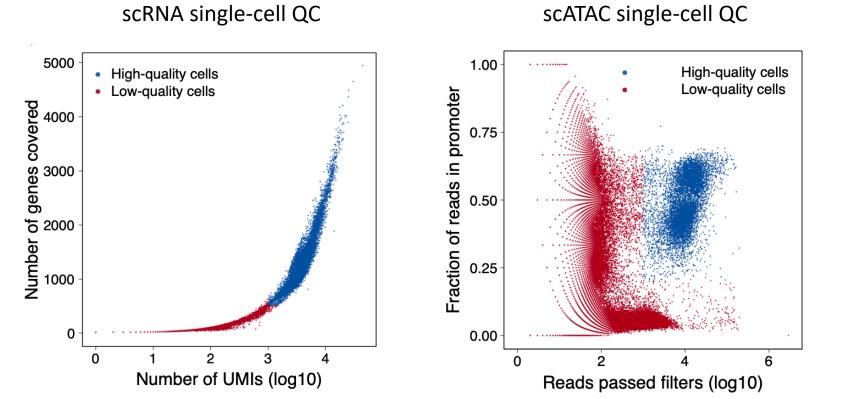
10x genomics 2018

scATAC-seq

MAESTRO performs quality control at both bulk and single cell level

• Bulk level

- Mapping summary
- Duplicated ratio
- Mitochondria ratio
- Reads distribution
- Fragment size distribution
- Fraction of reads in peaks, promoters
- Single-cell level
 - ScRNA: Number of UMIs and genes covered
 - ScATAC: total number of reads per cell and fraction of reads in promoters.

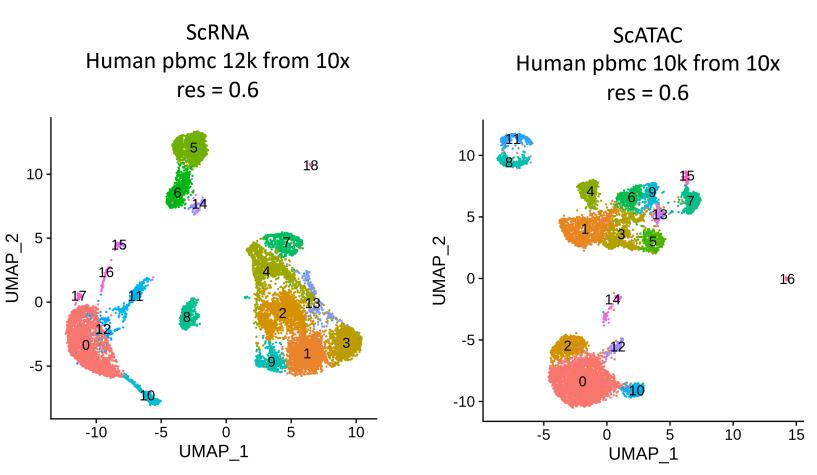


Normalization, expression index and peak calling in MAESTRO

- scRNA
 - STARsolo to calculate UMI count. (much faster than Cellranger : hours vs days)
 - Gene count by cell matrix as output.
- scATAC
 - Add cell-barcode to fastq read name, align with minimap2. (much faster than cellranger: hours vs days)
 - Aggregate single-cell samples, perform peak calling using MACS2.
 - Support user defined peak regions.
 - Support peak calling from short fragments (less than 150bp).
 - peak by cell matrix as output.

MAESTRO uses the graph-based clustering for scRNA-seq and scATAC-seq

- Dimension reduction
 - ScRNA: PCA
 - ScATAC: Latent semantic index (LSI)
- Build KNN graphs
- Louvain algorithm to detect communities and identify clusters
- Umap visualization

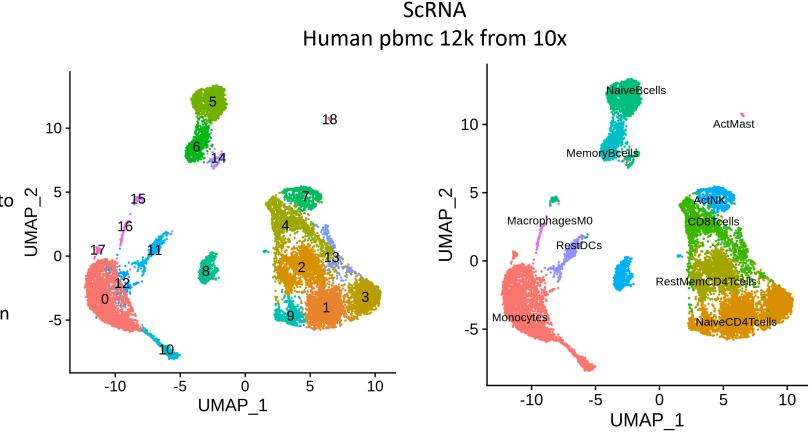


MAESTRO carries out differential expression analysis and supports automatic cell type annotation based on gene signatures

- Differential gene analysis
 - Wilcoxon rank sum test
 - DESeq2
 - MAST
 - Presto
- Differential Peak analysis

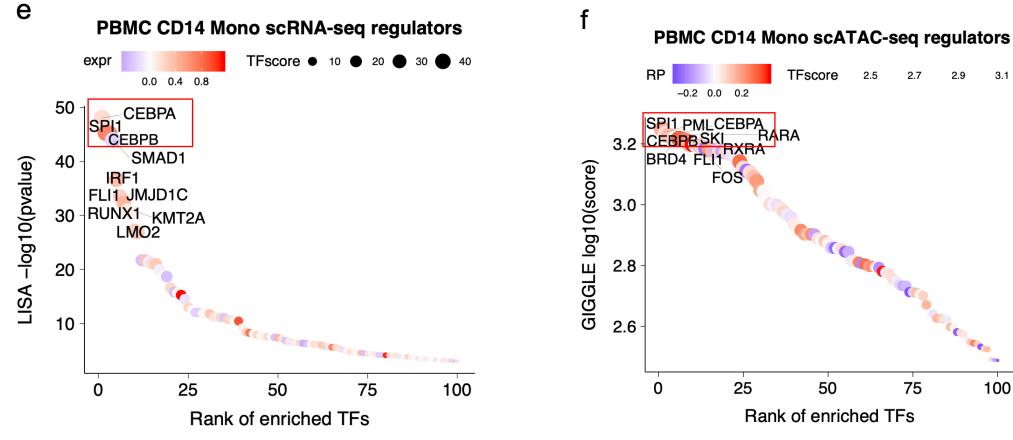
 Presto https://github.com/immunogenomics/presto

- Celltype annotation
 - Gene signature based celltype annotation
 - Logfc based celltype scoring
 - Support user defined gene signatures



Annotated using CIBERSORT signatures 9

MAESTRO can identify important transcription regulators for both scRNA-seq and scATAC-seq



Based on positive peaks in each cluster

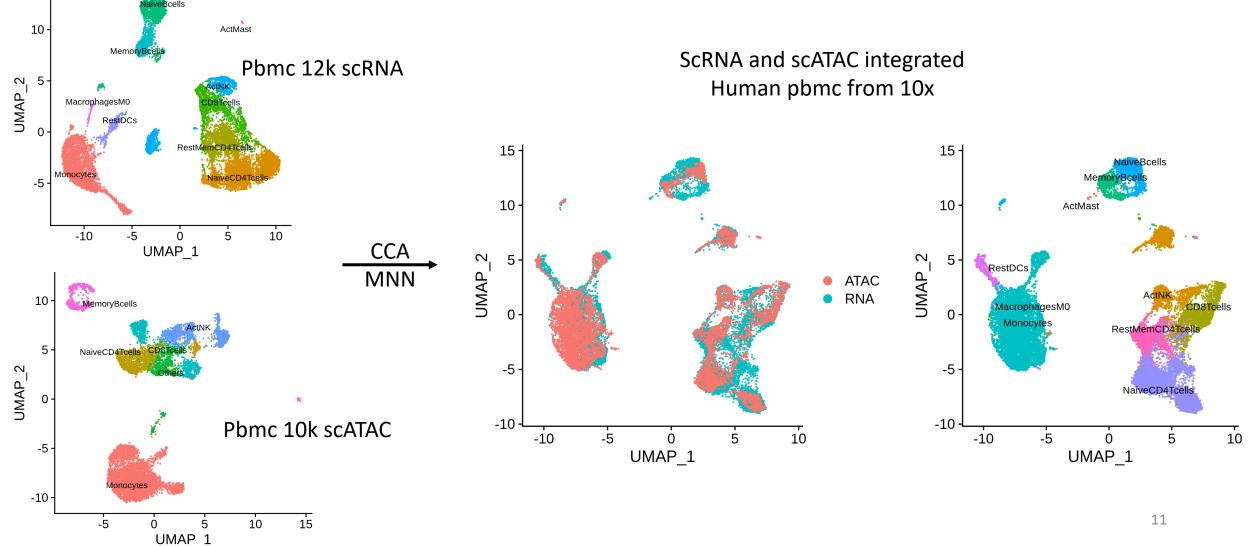
http://cistrome.org/db/#/ http://dbtoolkit.cistrome.org/

Based on up-regulated genes in each cluster

LISA@ <u>http://lisa.cistrome.org/</u>

Ċ Cistrome Data Browser

MAESTRO provides integrated clustering of scRNA-seq and scATAC-seq

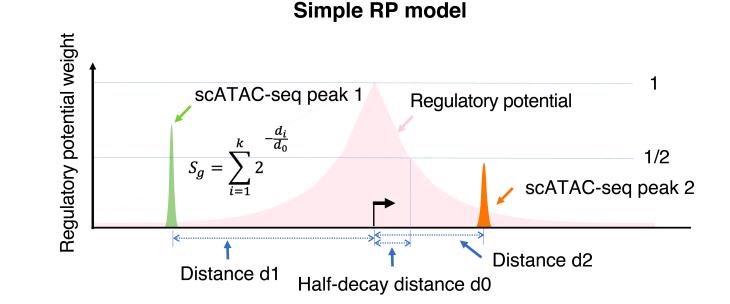


MAESTRO provides a simple regulatory potential (RP) model to estimate gene activity for scATAC-seq

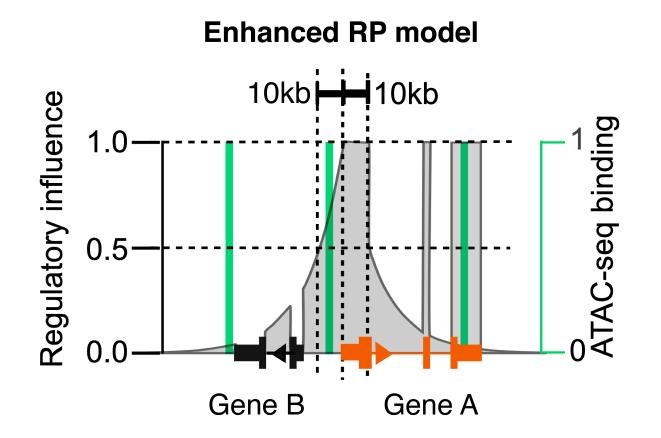
- Gene activity
 - Single-cell regulatory potential (ScRP)

 $S_g = \sum 2^{-\frac{d_i}{d_0}}$

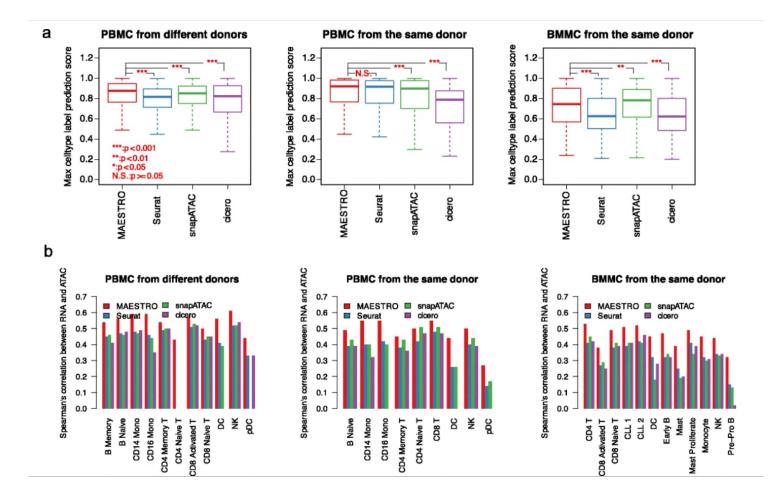
• Decay distance d0 = 10kb



MAESTRO provides an additional enhanced regulatory potential (RP) model to estimate gene activity



Enhanced RP-model better model the gene activity compared with other methods



Summary

- MAESTRO is an integrative scRNA-seq and scATAC-seq analysis workflow supporting multiple experimental protocols.
- MAESTRO provides utilities from the basic alignment, QC to high level functional analysis
- MAESTRO follows the best practice for single cell clustering.
- MAESTRO enables transcription regulation analysis for both scRNAseq and scATAC-seq data based on CistromeDB.
- ScATAC-seq regulatory potential (RP) score outperforms other existing methods in predicting gene expression level and integration with scRNA-seq data.

The future of MAESTRO

- keep adding new features and fixing bugs.
- faster processing scATACseq data.
- multi-sample scRNAseq and scATACseq processing.

https://github.com/liulab-dfci/MAESTRO Full solution of MAESTRO can be installed using Conda

Acknowledgements

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<u>Liu lab:</u>

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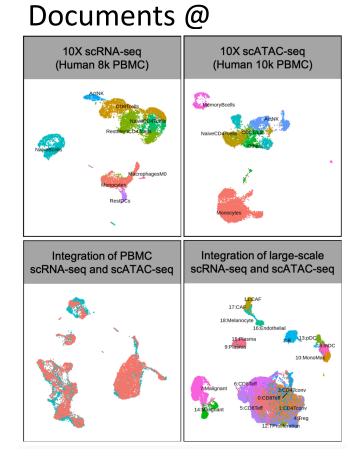
<u>Tao Liu lab:</u>

• Tao Liu

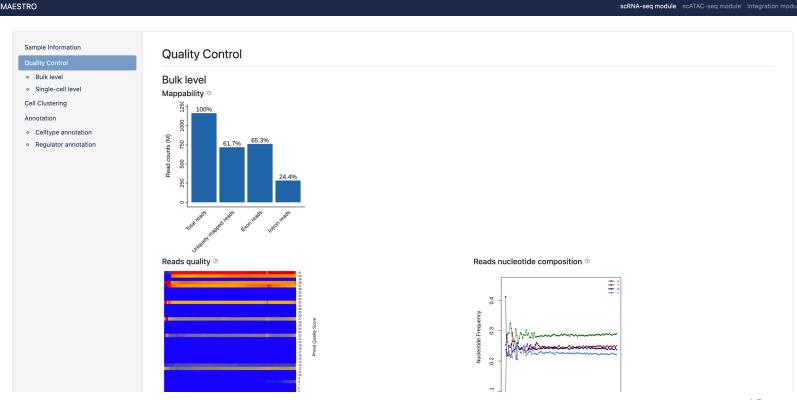
MAESTRO is easy to install and generates an html report for various QC metrics

https://github.com/liulab-dfci/MAESTRO

Full solution of MAESTRO can be installed using Conda.



Html output example @



A	D	L	U	C	F	9	п	
Table S2 Time and memory usage comparisor				C-seq analysis	tools			
Dataset 1: PBMC Different Donors scATAC-se	eq, 173,477 pe	aks x 9,361 c	ells, 8 cores					
Time (minutes)	MAESTRO	scABC	cisTopic	chromVAR	Cicero	Seurat	snapATAC	Garnett
Gene activity	7.1				180.0	2.2	150.0	
Dimensionality reduction	11.5		59.3				26.0	
Clustering	0.2	186.0	1.2				0.2	
Differential peak	0.2						41.6	
Cell-type annotation	0.1							5.3
Regulator identification	4.9		9.2	6.6				
Memory (GB)	MAESTRO	scABC	cisTopic	chromVAR	Cicero	Seurat	snapATAC	Garnett
Gene activity	10.4				103.8	23.6	36.7	
Dimensionality reduction	8.6		5.6				34.2	
Clustering	3.9	95.4	5.7				8.1	
Differential peak	8.7						40.8	
Cell-type annotation	8.4							11.9
Regulator identification	12.1		5.4	2.9				
Dataset 2: BCC scATAC-seq, 530,771 peaks x	37,818 cells,	8 cores						
Time (minutes)	MAESTRO	scABC	cisTopic	chromVAR	Cicero	Seurat	snapATAC	Garnett
Gene activity	44.1				NA	NA	363.0	
Dimensionality reduction	8.9		246.0				54.1	
Clustering	1.2	NA	6.6				0.1	
Differential peak	1.8						319.8	
Cell-type annotation	0.1							9.4
Regulator identification	8.0		12.9	21.0				
Memory (GB)	MAESTRO	scABC	cisTopic	chromVAR	Cicero	Seurat	snapATAC	Garnett
Gene activity	38.9				NA	NA	63.4	
Dimensionality reduction	39.7		25.3				37.3	
Clustering	16.8	NA	26.7				11.3	
Differential peak	36.9						41.9	
Cell-type annotation	40.3							52.0
Regulator identification	47.7		16.4	10.1				
NA: Memory usage lager than 380G and crashed.								